



MARANDA HIGH SCHOOL

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

MOCK EXAMINATIONS 2021

121/1

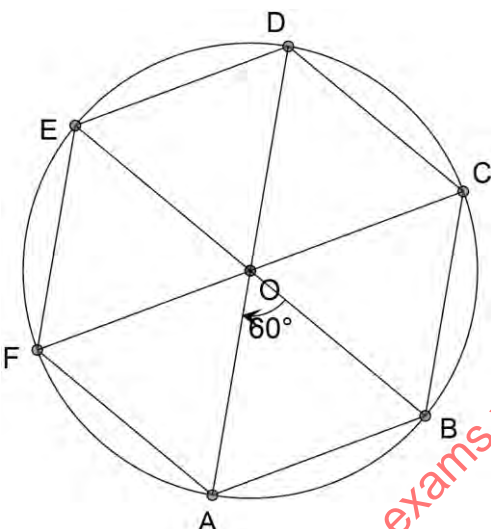
MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

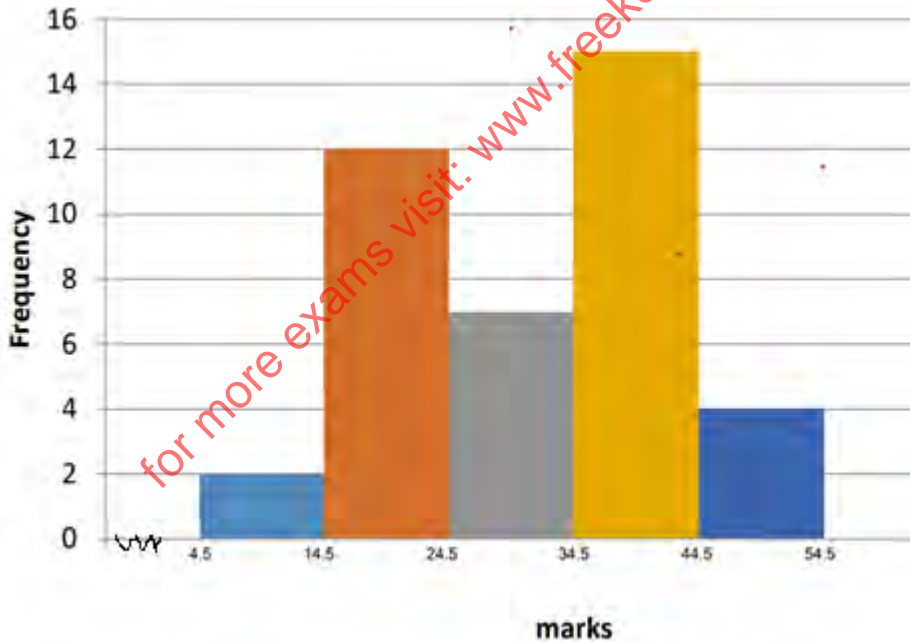
SECTION I		
S/ N	WORKINGS	MARKS
1	$6 \times 0.1 = 0.6$ or $\frac{6}{10}$ Six tenths	B1 B1
		O2
2	$LCM = 2 \times 3$ $= 6$ Doctor A will give jabs to 3 teachers in 6 minutes Doctor B will give jabs to 2 teachers in 6 minutes Both doctors will give jabs to 5 teachers in 6 minutes Shortest time $= \frac{300}{5} \times 6$ $= 6$ hrs or 360 mins	M1 M1 A1
		O3
3	Numerator $2\frac{1}{2}$ of $1\frac{3}{4} - 5\frac{1}{4}$ $= \frac{35}{8} - 5\frac{1}{4}$ $= -\frac{7}{8}$ Denominator $1\frac{2}{5} + 2\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)$ $= 1\frac{2}{5} - 3$ $= \frac{-8}{5}$ $\therefore \frac{-7}{8} \times \frac{-5}{8}$ $= \frac{35}{64}$	M1 M1 A1
		O3

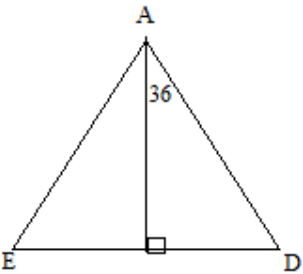
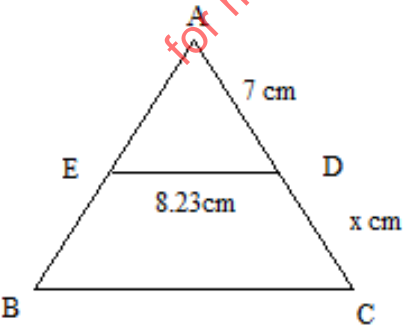
4	$\frac{2}{3}x = \frac{1}{2}$ $x = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2}$ $= \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}y = \frac{3}{2}$ $y = 2$ $\therefore \frac{\frac{3}{4} + 2}{2 \times \frac{3}{4}}$ $= \frac{11}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ $= \frac{11}{6}$ $= 1\frac{5}{6}$			<p>M1 For both $x = \frac{3}{4}$ and $y = 2$ M1 correct substitution</p> <p>A1</p>
				O3
5	<p>If 10% = 27500</p> $\therefore 100\% = \frac{100 \times 27500}{10}$ $= 275000$ $\text{Amount received} = \frac{85 \times 275000}{100}$ $= 233750$			<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>
				O3
6	$3 + 3x < 5x - 14$ $8.5 < x$ $5x - 14 < x + 46$ $x < 15$ $8.5 < x < 15$ $x = \{9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14\}$			<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p>
				O3
7	<p>Number</p> <p>0.921</p> <p>0.00739</p> <p>0.023</p> <p>0.6664</p>	<p>Std Form</p> <p>9.21×10^{-1}</p> <p>7.39×10^{-3}</p> <p>2.3×10^{-2}</p> <p>6.664×10^{-1}</p>	<p>Logs</p> <p>$\bar{1}.9643$</p> <p>$\bar{3}.8686+$</p> <p>$\bar{3}.8329$</p> <p>$\bar{2}.3617-$</p> <p>$\bar{1}.4712$</p> <p>3</p> <p>$\bar{1}.8237$</p>	<p>M1 all logs correct</p> <p>M1 correct + and -</p> <p>M1 correct division by 3</p> <p>$\bar{1}.8237$</p> <p>A1 0.6664</p>

		O4
8	$(3p - 20)^\circ + (p + 30)^\circ = 90^\circ$ $p = 20^\circ$	M1 A1
		O2
9	$l = \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2}$ $= 10$ $P = 4 \times 10$ $= 40$	M1 M1 A1
		O3
10	$2 + 2^{c-4} = 130$ $2^{c-4} = 128$ $2^{c-4} = 2^7$ $c - 4 = 7$ $c = 11$	M1 M1 A1
		O3
11	$\frac{3k + 2 + 4k + 1}{2} = 2k - 1$ $7k + 3 = 4k - 2$ $3k = -5$ $k = -1\frac{2}{3}$	M1 M1 correct collecting like terms A1 C.A.O
		O3
12	$PQ = -\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ $= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ $2PQ = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ $ 2PQ = \sqrt{(-8)^2 + (-4)^2}$ $= 8.9 \text{ units}$	M1 M1 A1
		O3
13	$\angle ADC + 90^\circ + 22^\circ + 33^\circ = 360^\circ$ $\angle ADC = 215^\circ$ $\angle X = 360^\circ - 215^\circ$ $= 145^\circ$	M1 M1 A1
		O3
14	$\frac{810}{x-3} - \frac{810}{x} = 9$ $9x^2 - 27x - 2430 = 0$ $x = \frac{3 \pm 33}{2}$ $x = 18 \text{ or } -15$	M1 M1 M1

	$\therefore x = 18$ Hence number of students who paid were 15	A1
		O4
15	<p>Volume of the sphere = $\frac{22}{7} \times 5^2 \times 4$</p> <p>$= 314 \frac{2}{7}$</p> <p>$\frac{4}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times r^3 = 314 \frac{2}{7}$</p> <p>$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{314 \frac{2}{7} \times 3 \times 7}{4 \times 22}}$</p> <p>$r = 4.2\text{cm}$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p>
		O4
16	 <p>$6 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 3^2 \times \sin 60^\circ = 23.3826859021798 \text{ cm}^2$</p>	<p>B1 60° calculated or constructed B1 correct location of the vertices B1 completion and labelling of the correct hexagon B1 Area of the hexagon</p>
		O4
SECTION II		
S/ N	WORKINGS	MARKS
17	<p>a) $95 + 95 + 50 + 95 \times 2$ $= 430$</p> <p>b) % of children = $\frac{190}{430} \times 100\%$ $= 44.2\%$</p> <p>c) i. Number of benches occupied by children $= \frac{190}{10}$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p>

	$= 19$ ii. Number of benches filled by adults $= \frac{240}{7}$ $= 34.2857142857$ $= 34$ benches iii. $7 - (240 - 34 \times 7)$ $= 5$	A1 M1 A1 M1 A1
		10
18	a) i) $\mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{AO} + \mathbf{OB}$ $= \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ ii) $\mathbf{ON} = \mathbf{OA} + \mathbf{AN}$ $= \mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ $= \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b}$ iii) $\mathbf{AM} = \mathbf{AO} + \mathbf{OM}$ $= -\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b}$ b) $\mathbf{AP} = \mathbf{AO} + \mathbf{OP}$ $= -\mathbf{a} + \frac{5}{9}\left(\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b}\right)$ $= -\mathbf{a} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{9}\mathbf{b}\right)$ $= -\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{9}\mathbf{b}$ $\mathbf{PM} = \mathbf{PO} + \mathbf{OM}$ $= -\left(\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{9}\mathbf{b}\right) + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b}$ $= -\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{9}\mathbf{b}$ $\mathbf{AP} = 2\mathbf{PM}$ hence \mathbf{AP} is parallel to \mathbf{PM} Since \mathbf{AP} is parallel to \mathbf{PM} has a common point P then the points A, P and M are collinear c) $\mathbf{AP}:\mathbf{PM} = 2:1$	B1 M1 A1 B1 M1 A1 B1 B1 B1 B1
		10
19	a) $v = 3t^2 - 12t + 8$ $v(5) = 3(5)^2 - 12(5) + 8$ $= 23\text{ms}^{-1}$ b) $a = 6t - 12$ $a(5) = 6(5) - 12$ $= 18\text{ms}^{-2}$ c) At constant velocity $a = 0$ $6t - 12 = 0$ $t = 2\text{s}$ d) At rest $v = 0$	M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1

	$p = -1\frac{1}{2}$ <p>b) $\frac{y+2}{x-3} = \frac{1}{3}$ $3y + 6 = x - 3$ $x - 3y = 9$</p> <p>c) $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$ $\theta = 18.434948822922^\circ$ the obtuse angle = $180^\circ - 18.434948822922^\circ$ = 161.6°</p>	M1 M1 A1 M1 M1 A1
		10
22	<p>a) $x = 40 - (2 + 12 + 7 + 15)$ $x = 4$</p> <p>b) $\frac{40}{2} = 20$ Median = $24.5 + \left(\frac{20 - 14}{7}\right) 10$ = $33\frac{1}{14}$</p> <p>c)</p>  <p>d) $4 + \frac{4.5}{10} \times 15$ = 10.75 = 10 students</p>	M1 A1 B1 M1 A1 B1 Both x and y axes scales correct B1 First three bars correctly drawn B1 The other two bars drawn correctly M1 A1
		10

23	<p>a) $\angle RST = \frac{1}{2}(360^\circ - (180^\circ - 36^\circ)) = 108^\circ$</p> <p>Reason: The reflex angle subtended by the same chord on to the centre of the circle is always twice the angle subtended by the same chord in the minor segment</p> <p>b) $\angle SUT = 180^\circ - 72^\circ - (180^\circ - (42^\circ + 18^\circ + 43^\circ)) = 21^\circ$</p> <p>Reason: Sum of interior angles of a triangle is 180°</p> <p>c) $\angle PST = \angle PQT = 90^\circ - 42^\circ = 48^\circ$</p> <p>Reason: Angles subtended by the same chord, PT, on similar segment are equal.</p> <p>d) Obtuse $\angle ROT = 180^\circ - 2(90^\circ - 72^\circ) = 144^\circ$</p> <p>Reason: Angles on a straight line add up to 180°</p> <p>e) $\angle SQT = 39^\circ$</p> <p>Reason: Angles subtended by the same chord, TS, on similar segment are equal.</p>	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1
		10
24	<p>a)</p>  $\sin 36^\circ = \frac{\frac{1}{2}ED}{7}$ $ED = 8.23\text{cm}$ <p>b)</p>  $\frac{x+7}{7} = \frac{12}{8.23}$ $x = 3.20656136087485$ <p>Area of $\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} \times 3.20656136087485^2 \times \sin 72^\circ$</p>	M1 A1 M1 M1

	$= 10.206561366087485$ <p>Area of the shaded part</p> $= \frac{1}{2} \times 10.206561366087485^2 \sin 72^\circ - \frac{72^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7^2$ $= 18.74 \text{ cm}^2$ <p>c) Volume of one emblem = 2.5×18.74</p> $= 46.85 \text{ cm}^3$ <p>Volume of 100 emblems = 100×46.85</p> $= 4685$ <p>Mass = 1.025×4685</p> $= 4802.125$ $= 4802.13 \text{ g}$	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p>
		10

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