**C.R.E PAPER 1 MARKING SCHEME**

**1.a) with reference to the Genesis stories of creation in chapter 1 and 2, outline the attributes of God.**

1. God is all powerful/ omnipotent
2. God of order/ orderly/ perfect
3. He is everywhere/ omnipresent
4. He is the creator/ source of life
5. He is the provider/ sustainer / caring/generous
6. He is all knowing/omniscient
7. He is a worker
8. He is loving/wants a personal relationship with man
9. He is everlasting/eternal/self-existent/immortal
10. He is a spirit
11. God is holy
12. He is a moral God
13. He commands /instructs e.g Name the animals.

7x1 =7mks

**b) Consequences of sin from the story of the fall of human beings in Genesis chapter 3.**

1. Human beings were separated from God/alternated from God /chase out of garden
2. childbirth became a painful experience/ woman to experience pain during labour / delivery.
3. Human beings became embarrassed/ ashamed of their nakedness.
4. Death came into the world/human beings started dying.
5. It led to a distorted relationship among human beings/ mistrust/misunderstanding.
6. Human beings became afraid of God/Hid from God.
7. The ground was cursed/ would produce thorns/thistles.
8. The woman became subject to man / inferior.
9. Serpent was to crawl/ and eat dust
10. Enemity between human beings and serpent developed/ seed of woman would crush the head of the serpent and the serpent would bite the heel of seed of woman.
11. Human beings would struggle /toil /sweat to meet their needs.(7x1 = 7mks)

**c) Ways in which the church helps to bring back members who have fallen from their faith.**

1. By visiting / inviting them to their homes
2. Being patient/ forgiving them,
3. By preaching/teaching/evangelizing to them
4. By guiding and counseling them/referring them to experts according to their needs.
5. Praying for them
6. Inviting them back to church
7. Encouraging them to repent/ confess
8. by Offering them material need/support.

**6 x 1 = 6mks**

**2.a) Describe then call of Moses.**

1. Moses was looking after his father in law flock of sheep at Mt. Horeb/Sinai.
2. An angel of the Lord appeared to him in a burning bush that was not being consumed
3. Moses went close to the bush. God called him from the bush.
4. God commanded Moses not to move further. To remove his shoes as the place was holy.
5. God revealed himself to Moses as the God of his ancestors Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.
6. Moses hid his face / was afraid to look at God
7. God told Moses that he had seen the suffering of his people in Egypt/had come to deliver them/ wanted to send Moses to pharaoh to release His people
8. Moses was reluctant to be sent to Pharaoh/ God promised to be with him
9. Moses sought to know the name of the God who was sending him, God revealed his name as I am who I am.
10. God told Moses to go and gather the elders of Israel/ tell them God’s message of their deliverance.
11. Moses was told to go to pharaoh to ask for their release from Egypt.
12. God promised to perform wonders to compel pharaoh to release Israelites.

**8 x 1 = 8mks**

**2b) State six commandments which guide on the relationship among human beings. (6mks)**

1. Honour your father and mother
2. You shall not kill
3. You shall not commit adultery
4. You shall not steal
5. You shall not bear witness against your neighbor
6. You shall not covet your brother’s property.

**6 x 1 = 6mks**

**2c) State the importance of the Ten Commandments to Christians.**

1. They safeguard Christians against idol worship
2. They help Christians to have the right relationship with God/warns against indulging themselves in practices that drives them away from God/ not to misuse God’s name.
3. they remind Christians to keep the Sabbath day holy
4. Promote good relationship between parents and children
5. They preserve / protect/respect human life.
6. They act as a guide to Christians living / safeguard marriage /bring stability in families
7. The help protect people’s property
8. Help teach virtues of honesty/self control
9. promote good relation with other people.

**6 x 1 =6mks**

**3.a)Ways in which King David promoted the worship of Yahweh in Israel.**

1. He bought the Ark of the Covenant to Jerusalem.
2. He made Jerusalem a holy city where Israelites from all over the land came for important religious occasions/ a religious centre.
3. He composed psalms which were used in worship by the Israelites.
4. He showed respect to the prophets of Yahweh / listened to the messages.
5. He wanted to build a temple for God/prepared materials for the construction of the temple.
6. He repented/ asked for forgiveness when h made mistakes.
7. he sought for God’s guidance in whatever he wanted to do.
8. He entered into a covenant with God / instructed others to obey the covenant.
9. He built altars for God/ made sacrifices to God.

**7 x 1 = 7mks**

**3b) Importance of the temple in Jerusalem to the Israelites.**

1. It was a place of worship/prayers/ sacrifices
2. Major festivals/feasts were held there
3. It was used as a treasury/important objects/vessels were kept there/foreign currency was exchanged.
4. It was a source of unity among the people/ gave them a sense of security
5. It symbolized the presence of God among the people/gave them a sense of security.
6. It symbolized the presence of God among the people /the ark of the covenant was kept there/it was God’s dwelling place.
7. It was where people were taught the law
8. It was used as a residence/training centre for religious leaders.
9. It was a place where disputes were settled/ used as a law court.
10. It was the place where religious ceremonies /rites were performed
11. It was a place of pilgrimage for the Jews.

**7x1=7mks**

**3c) Ways in which Christians show respect to places of worship in Kenya today.**

1. By switching off phones/ removing shoes in places of worship
2. By maintaining cleanliness in places of worship.
3. By decorating / putting flowers/ wall portraits in places of worship.
4. By dressing decently when going to the places of worship.
5. By maintaining order in places of worship
6. By constructing beautiful/large places of worship.
7. By dedicating all instruments /properties in places of worship.
8. By obeying / respecting church leaders.
9. By securing/maintaining security in places of worship.
10. By maintaining silence in places of worship.

**6 x 1 = 6mks**

**4.a) State seven similarities between the traditional African prophets and the true prophets in the Old testament.**

1. Both predicted future events / disasters
2. Both acted as mediators between God and the people
3. Both had super natural powers to exercise their duties
4. Both had a personal relationship with God/received revelation through visions/dreams
5. Both were religious leaders who could offer sacrifices/prayers.
6. Both played advisory roles to the political leaders/acted as conscience or leaders
7. Both urged people to be morally upright/condemned evil in society
8. They led exemplary lives/ were role models.
9. In both cases there were prophets and prophetess.

**7 x 1 = 7mks**

**4b) Outline the teaching s of Amos on remnant and restoration of Israel.**

1. God would restore the dynasty of David after destruction
2. God would bring the people back to their land.
3. the people would rebuild their cities so that the remnant of Edom can occupy them.
4. The land would be productive /grapes would be in abundance / wine would be in plenty.
5. The people will grow food and harvest it.
6. the Israelites would never be taken to exile again.
7. The people of Israel would be peaceful/ [prosperous.
8. The Israelites would never be taken to exile again.

**6 x 1 = 6mks.**

**4c) How does the church punish her errant members?**

1. The church suspends them
2. It denies them participation in church activities/rituals.
3. They may be denied leadership positions/demoted/ withdrawal of privileges.
4. They may be publicly condemned / asked to repent or apologies.
5. They may be warned
6. They may be transferred to difficult areas
7. They may be sacked from the job
8. They may be excommunicated
9. They may be asked to pay fines.

**7x1 = 7mks**

**5a) Describe the personal life of the prophet Jeremiah.**

1. Jeremiah was born in Anathoth near Jerusalem
2. He was the son of Hilkiah, a priest
3. He received Gods call when he was a young man
4. His call was inform of a dialogue with God.
5. He had deep knowledge of history of Jews/laws of Moses/ teachings of the earlier prophets.
6. He had a lonely life/ he did not marry/ raise a family/ did not attend social gatherings
7. He was rejected by people because of his prophetic mission.
8. He suffered spiritually/emotionally/physically but persevered
9. He was imprisoned for his messages
10. Jeremiah fled to Egypt for refuge/ he is believed to have died in Egypt.

**7 x 1 = 7mks**

**5b) Evils condemned by prophet Jeremiah during the temple sermon.**

1. He condemned false belief in the temple/ belief that the temple could not be destroyed because it is God’s dwelling place
2. He condemned human sacrifice which was against God’s commands.
3. He condemned hypocrisy among the people/ syncretism/insincere worship
4. He condemned defilement of the temple/ putting idols in the temple.
5. He condemned idolatry
6. He condemned oppression of the weak/vulnerable/ widows/orphans/foreigners which was against the covenant way of life.
7. He condemned stubbornness of the Israelites against God’s warnings / ignoring the teachings of the prophet/failing to repent.

**7 x 1 = 7mks**

**5c) Relevance of Jeremiah’s suffering to Christians today.**

1. Christians should remain faithful to the call of |God irrespective of challenges they face/ be courageous.
2. They must be willing to proclaim the word of God at any time/age.
3. They should depend on |God /be prayerful/draw their strength from God.
4. They should expect opposition while serving God.
5. They should forgive those who offend them not revenge.
6. They should be aware of false prophets in their midst.
7. They should endure/persevere during suffering.

**6x1 = 6mks**

**6.a) Ways in which people in traditional African communities communicate with God.**

1. They make sacrifices
2. They sing/dance for God
3. through prayers to God
4. Through chanting/recitations/invocations
5. Through offerings
6. Through burning incense.

**5 x 1 = 5mks)**

**6b) Traditional African view of a community.**

1. Members of the community include the unborn/ the living/ living dead/ancestors.
2. The members speak on common language
3. Members are related by blood/ marriage/adoption/ancestry.
4. Members of the community occupy the same geographical area /region
5. Members of the community carry out similar economic activities eg fishing/ farming.
6. The community is made of smaller units/clans/
7. The community has its own distinct customs/ rules/ taboos/beliefs/cultural practices
8. Members of a community are expected to show concern for one another/ concern for well being of others
9. The members are expected to participate in the life of the community.

**7 x 1 = 7mks**

**6.c) Factors that have affected African people’s dependence on God.**

1. The introduction of western culture.
2. Some people rely on witchcraft to solve their problems.
3. Greed for power/materialism without the fear of God.
4. Some people rely on science and technology
5. Money economy where success now depends on how much money one earns.
6. Abject poverty has made people lose hope/faith in God.
7. Negative peer pressure influences the members to rely on themselves other than God.
8. Pressure of modern living makes people too busy to serve God/urbanization.
9. Modern /formal education.

**8 x 1 = 8mks**